## Comparing Values

Compare the values of the underlined digits.

1. $3, \underline{492}$ and $70 \underline{4}$

The value of 4 in $\qquad$
is $\qquad$ times
the value of 4 in $\qquad$
3. 2,481 and $5,07 \underline{2}$

The value of 2 in $\qquad$
is $\qquad$ times
the value of 2 in $\qquad$
5. $4 \underline{9} 5,123$ and $63,12 \underline{9}$

The value of 9 in $\qquad$
is $\qquad$ times
the value of 9 in $\qquad$
7. 837,164 and 4,508

The value of 8 in $\qquad$
is $\qquad$ times
the value of 8 in $\qquad$
2. $\underline{8}, 596$ and 985

The value of 8 in $\qquad$ is $\qquad$ times
the value of 8 in $\qquad$
4. $4 \underline{3}, 158$ and $71,4 \underline{3} 5$

The value of 3 in $\qquad$
is $\qquad$ times
the value of 3 in $\qquad$
6. $\underline{5} 06,712$ and $324,8 \underline{5} 9$

The value of 5 in $\qquad$
is $\qquad$ times
the value of 5 in $\qquad$
8. $\underline{6} 31,485$ and $\underline{6} 82$

The value of 6 in $\qquad$
is $\qquad$ times
the value of 6 in $\qquad$
9. Stretch Your Thinking Write a pair of numbers such that the value of the 7 in the first number is 1,000 times the value of the 7 in the second number, and the value of the 3 in the first number is 100 times the value of the 3 in the second number.

## Period Posers

## Solve each riddle.

1. Fred: My number has two periods. One period contains the digits 3,0 , and 6 in that order. The other contains the digits 0,9 , and 5 in that order.

Ned: My number has two periods also. One contains the digits 4, 8 , and 6 in that order. The other period contains the digits 1,2 , and 7 in that order.

Fred: Yes, but my number is greater than your number.

What are Fred's and Ned's numbers?
3. Mo: My number has two periods. One period has a 7 in the hundreds place. The other has an 8 in the tens place.
Bo: My number also has two periods. One has a 1 in the hundreds place. The other has a 2 in the tens place.

Mo: All other digits in our numbers are zeros. So how can it be that your number is greater than my number?
What are Mo's and Bo's numbers?
$\qquad$
4. Stretch Your Thinking Write your own period poser.

Then exchange it with a classmate and solve each other's posers.

## Place-Value Puzzle

Fill in each blank with a digit that will make the number sentence true. The digits to choose from are listed in the box under each number sentence. Use each digit only once.

1. $1 \_5,120>125, \_20>125,1 \_0$

1, 2, 3
2. $4 \_3,900<42 \_, 900=423, \_00<42 \_, 900$

$$
1,3,4,9
$$

3. $27 \ldots, 010<2 \_8,010<29 \ldots, 010$

$$
7,8,9
$$

4. $3 \_, 788>35,7 \_8=35, \ldots 88>35, \ldots 88$

$$
5,6,7,8
$$

5. $6 \_8,138>6 \_7,294<63 \_, 705$

3, 4, 9
6. $4 \_6,047>\_63,941=463, \_41>\_86, \ldots 42$
$3,4,5,7,9$
7. $101,5-2>1-1,508>101,-62>101,3 \_7$
$0,3,5,8$
8. Write Math If you know $A$ is greater than $B$ and $B$ is greater than C , do you have to compare A to C to know which is greater? Use an example to explain.

## Rounding Ranges

## Solve each riddle. Give your answer as a range of numbers.

1. When rounded to the nearest hundred, I become 500. What numbers could I be?
2. When rounded to the nearest thousand, I become 3,000. What numbers could I be?
3. When rounded to the nearest hundred thousand, I become 600,000. What numbers could I be?
4. When rounded to the nearest ten, I become 500 . What numbers could I be?
$\qquad$
5. When rounded to the nearest hundred, I become 3,000. What numbers could I be?
$\qquad$
6. When rounded to the nearest ten thousand, I become 600,000. What numbers could I be?
$\qquad$
7. Write Math Compare the ranges of your answers to Exercises 2, 4, and 6 to the ranges in Exercises 1, 3, and 5. What do you notice? Give a reason for your observation.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Number Comparisons

Compare the numbers. Write $<,>$, or $=$.

1. 400 tens $\longrightarrow 48$ hundreds
2. 7 thousands, 8 hundreds $\square 2,500$ tens
3. 715 thousands, 34 tens

4. 10 thousands, 5 hundreds

5. 34 ten thousands, 85 hundreds
 348,500
6. 6 hundred thousands, 47 tens
 60 ten thousands, 4 hundreds
7. 2 ten thousands, 45 hundreds
 308 hundreds
8. 25 thousands, 56 ones
 3 ten thousands, 17 hundreds
9. 476 thousands
 4 hundred thousands, 76 hundreds
10. 35 ten thousands, 8 hundreds
 3 hundred thousands 50 thousands, 80 tens
11. Write Math Look back at Exercise 5. Explain how you found the answer.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## 3-Foot Path

Find the path with the addends that correctly leads from the START box to the FIRST SUM box, and from there to the sum in the FINISH box. Then write the letters of the 5 boxes on your path in order to answer the riddle.


Where can you buy a ruler that is 3 feet long?

## AT <br> $\qquad$ $\ldots \ldots-\ldots S$ SALE

## Unknown Digits

Complete each subtraction problem by finding the unknown digits.
1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

7. Write Math Describe what strategy you used to complete the unknown-digit subtraction problems. Use an example to explain.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Take a Seat!

## Use the table for 1-5.

1. Last night's game at the arena in Cleveland was 251 seats short of being filled to capacity. How many people attended the game?

| Basketball Arena Seating Capacities |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| City | Capacity |
| Cleveland | 20,562 |
| Boston | 18,624 |
| Atlanta | 20,300 |
| New Orleans | 18,500 |
| Los Angeles | 18,997 |

2. How many more people can be seated in the largest arena than can be seated in the smallest arena?
3. Estimate the difference in the seating capacities of the Atlanta and Los Angeles arenas. Explain how you made your estimate.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
4. There are two sold-out basketball games tonight. One is at the arena in Boston, and the other is at the arena in New Orleans. How many people are attending the two games?
5. Write Math The biggest college basketball arena seats 33,000. Is the combined capacity of the Cleveland and Boston arenas greater than or less than the capacity of the biggest college arena? How much greater or less? Explain.
